

TPM 2.0 Linux sysfs interface

LPC 2019: System Boot and Security MC

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- trivia: TPM1.2 and 2.0 are not compatible
- but not all users and developers know that
- there are some tools/scripts that rely on TPM1.2 sysfs structure (e.g. TPM detection in QubesOS)
- people sometimes want to update TPM to 2.0 and use the same software
- there are TPM models that can work as 1.2 and 2.0
- tpm2-software moves so fast that distros are not up to date

2. Check TPM version

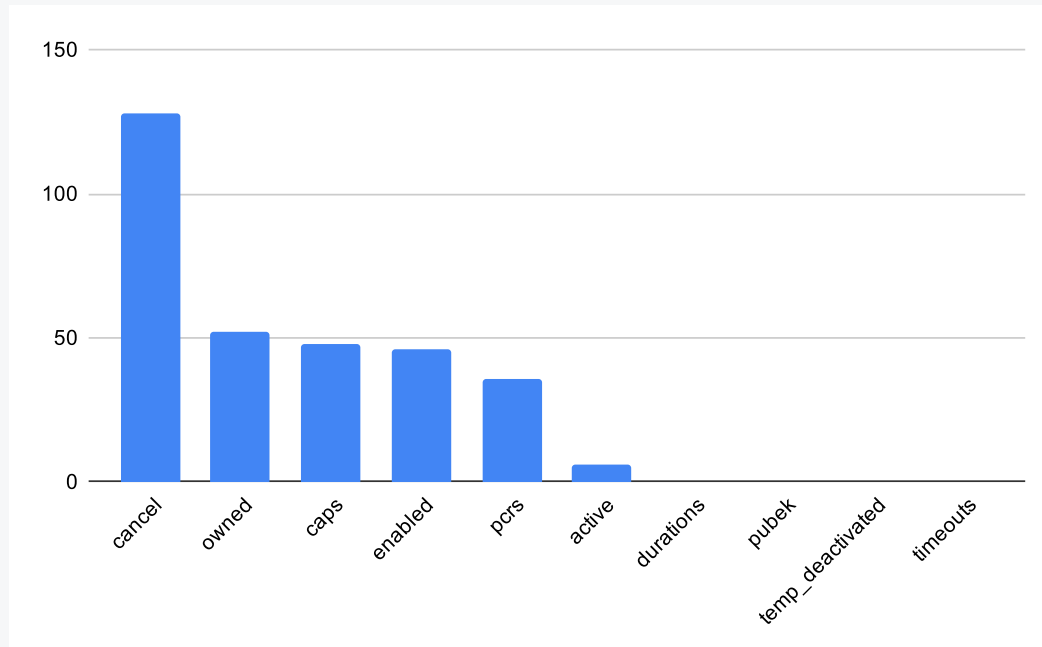
Version 1.2 TPMs are currently supported. Read the TPM device ID file to discover the TPM version:

```
# cat /sys/class/tpm/tpm0/device/id
```

The contents of the `id` file vary for supported version 1.2 TPMs. It is simplest to check that the file does *not* contain the known string for unsupported version 2.0 TPMs, `MSFT0101`. Almost any other non-zero, non-error output from reading the `id` file indicates a supported version 1.2 TPM.

Support for version 2.0 TPMs identified with the `MSFT0101` string will be added in a future Container Linux release.

- Software has no idea if it deals with TPM 1.2 or 2.0
- What should be the official way to figure out with what TPM module/s?
- Even if we do not support sysfs for TPM 2.0 we should have consistent method to get information about TPMs we have available
- Similar issue will touch the bootloaders



Graph shows Github stats of various sysfs uses (Google, CoreOS, LTP, ...)

- QubesOS AEM and HCL scripts, which detect TPM
- LTP IMA tests
- CoreOS
- Google ChromeOS vboot-utils
- fwupd
- ima-evm-utils - tools for producing and verifying signatures
- USRP by Ettus Research

<https://github.com/QubesOS/qubes-core-admin/blob/master/qvm-tools/qubes-hcl-report#L114>

<https://codesearch.debian.net/search?q=%2Fsys%2Fclass%2Ftpm%2Ftpm0>

<https://github.com/fwupd/fwupd/blob/master/plugins/uefi/fu-uefi-pcrs.c#L190>

https://chromium.googlesource.com/chromiumos/platform/vboot_reference/+/refs/heads/master/utility/tpm-dad-lock#10

https://github.com/EttusResearch/uhd/blob/master/mpm/python/usrp_mpm/bist.py#L239

- <https://www.kernel.org/doc/Documentation/ABI/stable/sysfs-class-tpm>
- Jarkko Sakkinen patches for required attributes:
<https://patchwork.kernel.org/patch/5274701/>
- TPM 2.0 support

This patch set enables TPM2 protocol and provides drivers for FIFO and CRB interfaces. This patch set does not export any sysfs attributes for TPM 2.0 because existing sysfs attributes have three non-trivial issues:

- They are associated with the platform device instead of character device.
- They are not trivial key-value pairs but contain text that is not easily parsed by a computer.
- Raciness as described in <http://kroah.com/log/blog/2013/06/26/how-to-create-a-sysfs-file-correctly/>

<https://lwn.net/Articles/624241/>

- At the time of writing this paper the Linux kernel supported TPM 1.2 functionalities in sysfs. To these functionalities we include:

```
$ ls /sys/devices/pnp0/00:04/tpm/tpm0
active  caps  device  enabled  pcrs  ppi  subsystem  timeouts
cancel dev  durations  owned  power  pubek  temp_deactivated  uevent
$ ls /sys/devices/pnp0/00:04/tpm/tpm0/ppi
request  response  tcg_operations  transition_action  version  vs_operations
```

```
$ ls /sys/devices/pnp0/00\:04/tpm/tpm0  
dev device power ppi subsystem uevent
```

- PCRs in sysfs rather NAK
- TPM 1.2 vs 2.0 identification - some NAKs, but majority seem to need that

- Jarkko
 - `/sys/class/tpm/tpm0/protocol_major`
- Mimi and Petr
 - `/sys/class/tpm/tpm0/version`
- Tadeusz
 - new `/proc/tpminfo` entry
- securityfs
- ioctl
- user space C code

- is there a method for TPM presence check that will be compatible between TPM versions?
- is there a way to unify interface between kernel, user space and TPM?

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*"Give me a place to stand on,
and I will move the earth."*

—Archimedes

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Q&A